Cut out these images and give each student one set of cards. Students will put the cards in the order that they believe they belong.















Sci Sho Kids: How Compost is Made Companion Activity

decomposes worms rot	dirt Plants energy nutrients	important garden decomposers			
Compost is a special kind c	of th	at you can make b	y setting		
aside certain kinds of trash	and letting it	You can	use		
compost in your	to grow flowers	s or vegetables. W	'hen		
something it	breaks down into	small pieces. Decc	mposing is		
helped along by a group of	living things called	d De	ecomposers		
get their by breaking down things that were once alive.					
Decomposers basically eat our garbage! Decomposers include things like					
mushrooms, bugs, and	Some	decomposers may	even be too		
small to see. Even though it may sound pretty gross, this job is really					
Decompose	rs turn these leftov	ver parts into			
Compost is full of nutrients. Our bodies need nutrients need					
nutrients too. Without decomposers, plants would not be able to get the					
nutrients that they need.					



Fill this bin with the things it needs to create compost. Label the things that you draw. Name ____ Date

Sci Sho Kids: How Compost is Made Companion Activity Answer Key

decomposes	dirt	important
worms	Plants	garden
rot	energy nutrients	decomposers

Compost is a special kind of **dirt** that you can make by setting aside certain kinds of trash and letting it **rot**. You can use compost in your **garden** to grow flowers or vegetables. When something **decomposes** it breaks down into small pieces. Decomposing is helped along by a group of living things called **decomposers**. Decomposers get their **energy** by breaking down things that were once alive. Decomposers basically eat our garbage! Decomposers include things like mushrooms, bugs, and **worms**. Some decomposers may even be too small to see. Even though it may sound pretty gross, this job is really **important**. Decomposers turn these leftover parts into **nutrients**. Compost is full of nutrients. Our bodies need nutrients. **Plants** need nutrients that they need.



Fill this bin with the things it needs to create compost. Label the things that you draw.

Investigating the Composting Process: Control Group

Step	Directions	✓
1	Add a layer of soil to the container.	
2	Add a layer of green waste to the container.	
3	Add a layer of soil to the container.	
4	Add a layer of brown waste and shredded paper to the container.	
5	Repeat steps 1-4.	
6	Pour the water into the container to make all the layers wet.	
7	Put the top back on the container.	
8	Using a permanent marker, mark the level of each layer.	
9	Place the bottle in a sunny location in the classroom.	



Investigating the Composting Process: No Green Waste Group

Step	Directions	✓
1	Add a layer of soil to the container.	
2	Add a layer of soil to the container.	
3	Add a layer of brown waste and shredded paper to the container.	
4	Repeat steps 1-3.	
5	Pour the water into the container to make all the layers wet.	
6	Put the top back on the container.	
7	Using a permanent marker, mark the level of each layer.	
8	Place the bottle in a sunny location in the classroom.	



Investigating the Composting Process: No Brown Waste Group

Step	Directions	✓
1	Add a layer of soil to the container.	
2	Add a layer of green waste to the container.	
3	Add a layer of soil to the container.	
4	Repeat steps 1-4.	
5	Pour the water into the container to make all the layers wet.	
6	Put the top back on the container.	
7	Using a permanent marker, mark the level of each layer.	
8	Place the bottle in a sunny location in the classroom.	



Investigating the Composting Process: No Water Group

Step	Directions	✓
1	Add a layer of soil to the container.	
2	Add a layer of green waste to the container.	
3	Add a layer of soil to the container.	
4	Add a layer of brown waste and shredded paper to the container.	
5	Repeat steps 1-4.	
6	Put the top back on the container.	
7	Using a permanent marker, mark the level of each layer.	
8	Place the bottle in a sunny location in the classroom.	



Investigating the Composting Process: No Sun Group

Step	Directions	1
1	Add a layer of soil to the container.	
2	Add a layer of green waste to the container.	
3	Add a layer of soil to the container.	
4	Add a layer of brown waste and shredded paper to the container.	
5	Repeat steps 1-4.	
6	Pour the water into the container to make all the layers wet.	
7	Put the top back on the container.	
8	Using a permanent marker, mark the level of each layer.	
9	Place the bottle in a dark location in the classroom, like inside a cupboard.	

Investigating the Composting Process: No Sun Group

Step	Directions	1
1	Add a layer of soil to the container.	
2	Add a layer of green waste to the container.	
3	Add a layer of soil to the container.	
4	Add a layer of brown waste and shredded paper to the container.	
5	Repeat steps 1-4.	
6	Pour the water into the container to make all the layers wet.	
7	Put the top back on the container.	
8	Using a permanent marker, mark the level of each layer.	
9	Place the bottle in a dark location in the classroom, like inside a cupboard.	

Name

Team Members

Date

Investigating the Composting Process: Data Collection

What group are you in?

What is your hypothesis?

Day and Date	What are your observations?	Draw a picture to document what you see.
Day 1:		
Day 8:		
Day 15:		
Day 22:		
Day 29:		
Day 36:		
Day 43:		

What is your conclusion?	
What is the class conclusion?	